

## TRASTUZUMAB

*traz-too-zoo-mab*

### What does it do?

*Trastuzumab* is used to treat some types of breast or stomach cancer.

### Before you start

- Tell your doctor if you have heart or lung problems, or high blood pressure.
- If there is a chance you could get pregnant, use reliable contraception while taking *trastuzumab* and for up to 5 months after stopping. Tell your doctor if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding.
- Your doctor will do a heart test (echo) before you start and while you are taking *trastuzumab*.
- *Trastuzumab* weakens your immune system, making it harder for your body to fight infections. You may need tests before you start to make sure you don't have any infections like tuberculosis (TB), HIV, or hepatitis B and C.
- Ask your doctor what vaccines you might need before you start and while you are taking *trastuzumab*. You should not have a live vaccine while taking *trastuzumab*.

### How is it given?

*Trastuzumab* is given as an infusion into a vein or as an injection under the skin.

### What if you forget a dose?

*Trastuzumab* will be given to you by a health professional. If you are unable to attend an appointment, contact your health professional as soon as possible.

### Can you take other medicines?

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about all medicines or treatments that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products or recreational drugs.

### What side effects might you notice?

Side Effects	Recommended action
Reaction during the infusion including: fever, chills, aches and pains Symptoms of allergy including: skin rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing Irregular heartbeat, chest pain	Tell your doctor immediately
Swollen feet or legs, short of breath	Tell your doctor
Nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea Headache	Tell your doctor if troublesome

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

### Other information:

- Protect yourself from too much sunlight while taking immunosuppressant medicines (they may increase your risk of skin cancer). Always cover up and apply a thick layer of broad spectrum sunscreen (at least SPF30) when outside. Do not use sunbeds.
- Women using *trastuzumab* for a long time may need cervical screening more often. Discuss with your doctor.
- It is important to tell anyone who gives you medical or dental treatment that you are taking *trastuzumab*.