LEFLUNOMIDE

le-floo-no-mide

What does it do?

Leflunomide is used to treat some types of arthritis. It may be used alone or with other medicines.

Before you start

- Tell your doctor if you have liver, lung or blood pressure problems.
- Leflunomide must not be used if you are pregnant, planning to become pregnant or breastfeeding. Women should use
 reliable contraception while taking *leflunomide*, and for up to 2 years after stopping. Talk to your doctor if you get pregnant
 or want to start a family.
- Leflunomide weakens your immune system, making it harder for your body to fight infections. You may need tests before
 you start to make sure you don't have any infections like tuberculosis (TB), HIV, or hepatitis B and C.
- Ask your doctor what vaccines you might need before you start and while you are taking *leflunomide*. You should not
 have a live vaccine while taking *leflunomide*.

How should you take it?

Take leflunomide regularly as directed with a glass of water. Do not break or crush the tablets.

What if you forget a dose?

Take the missed dose as soon as possible. If it is close to the time for your next dose, skip the missed dose and carry on as normal. Do not take two doses at the same time.

Can you take other medicines?

Tell your pharmacist or doctor about <u>all medicines or treatments</u> that you may be taking, including vitamins, herbal products (e.g. activated charcoal, St John's wort) or recreational drugs.

What side effects might you notice?

| Side Effects | Recommended action |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Severe skin rash, skin peeling or blisters | Stop taking and see your doctor immediately |
| Reduced number of blood cells that fight infections or help your blood to clot - symptoms include: fever, chills, sore throat or generally feeling unwell, or easy or unusual bruising or bleeding Symptoms of liver problems including: yellow skin or eyes, itching, dark urine, pale bowel motions, abdominal pain Short of breath, persistent dry cough | Tell your doctor immediately |
| Pain, sores, or redness in mouth or on lips | Tell your doctor |
| Hair loss or thinning Headache Joint or muscle aches or pains, numbness or tingling of the fingers or toes Diarrhoea, nausea, loss of appetite, weight loss | Tell your doctor if troublesome |

If you notice any other effects, discuss them with your doctor or pharmacist.

Other information:

- You will need regular blood tests while taking *leflunomide* to check if it is causing problems with your liver or blood.
- Protect yourself from too much sunlight while taking immunosuppressant medicines (they may increase your risk of skin cancer). Always cover up and apply a thick layer of broad spectrum sunscreen (at least SPF30) when outside. Do not use sunbeds.
- Women using *leflunomide* for a long time may need cervical screening more often. Discuss with your doctor.
- It is important to tell anyone who gives you medical or dental treatment that you are taking leflunomide.
- Limit alcohol intake while taking leflunomide. Alcohol may increase the risk of liver problems.
- You may not notice the effects of *leflunomide* straight away it can take several weeks before you start to feel better.